

Nail Diseases and Disorders Quiz (Key)

DIRECTIONS: Determine whether each of the statements below is true or false. Indicate your response by writing TRUE (T) or FALSE (F) in the space provided beside each statement.

- T 1. Onychosis is any disease, disorder, or condition of the nail.
- F 2. If a disease is present, the client may be treated in the salon.
- T 3. If a disorder is present, the client may be treated in the salon with care.
- T 4. If a condition is present, the client may not be treated in the salon.
- T 5. When examining the hands and nails, there are six signs to look for; pain, swelling, redness, local fever, throbbing, and pus.
- T 6. Tinea Manus is ringworm of the nail.
- T 7. A fungus causes tinea Manus.
- T 8. Tinea Pedis is also known as athlete's foot.
- F 9. A blue nail does not appear blue in color.
- T 10. Poor blood circulation is a cause of blue nails.
- F 11. Kolionychia are nails with a convex shape.
- T 12. Onychophagy is bitten nails.
- F 13. Leuconychia is caused by insufficient removal of nail polish.
- T 14. Onychorrexis means split or brittle nails.
- T 15. Pteryguim is the overgrowth of the cuticle.
- F 16. Any discoloration of the nail may indicate a problem in the free edge.
- T 17. Furrows are indented vertical lines down the nail plate.
- T 18. Onychia is an inflammation of the nail matrix.
- T 19. Onychia is caused by a bacterial infection.
- F 20. Onychia can be treated in a salon.