Name\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Fire Prevention and Public Education Quiz**

1. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following is “a condition that increases the likelihood of a fire starting?”
   1. Target hazard
   2. Fire hazard
   3. Explosive hazard
   4. Wind hazard
2. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following is “created by moving parts on machines, such as belts and bearings?”
   1. Chemical heat energy
   2. Electrical heat energy
   3. Mechanical heat energy
   4. Nuclear heat energy
3. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following is not a common fire hazard?
   1. Obstructed electrical panels
   2. Poor housekeeping
   3. Improper disposal of floor cleaning compounds
   4. High-hazard processes using volatile substances
4. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following is “any structure that is especially vulnerable to fire danger?”
   1. Target hazard
   2. Fire hazard
   3. Explosive hazard
   4. Severe hazard
5. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following would most likely be found in a pre-incident survey kit?
   1. Pencils
   2. Graph paper
   3. Flashlight
   4. All of the above
6. \_\_\_\_\_Pre-incident surveys are for gathering information, and residential fire safety surveys are for imparting information.
   1. True
   2. False
7. \_\_\_\_\_The term \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ represents the bulk of fuel available to burn and generally refers to the contents of a building. Pg. 971
   1. Fuel loads
   2. Tax loads
   3. Compartment loads
   4. Cargo loads
8. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following is not an interpersonal skill that a firefighter needs to effectively perform a pre-incident survey?
   1. Mitigation
   2. Facilitation
   3. Medication
   4. Negotiation
9. \_\_\_\_\_Where should a pre-incident survey begin?
   1. The building’s entrance
   2. The building’s exterior
   3. The building’s interior
   4. The building’s fire exits
10. \_\_\_\_\_The survey of the building’s interior should be performed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
    1. Practically
    2. Chronologically
    3. Systematically
    4. None of the above
11. \_\_\_\_\_Sometimes a firefighter must visit a building more than once before the survey is finished.
    1. True
    2. False
12. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following can cause a house fire?
    1. Poor housekeeping
    2. Untended candles
    3. Overloaded extension cords and multiple-outlet devices
    4. All of the above
13. \_\_\_\_\_All fire education presentations are appropriate for all audiences.
    1. True
    2. False
14. \_\_\_\_\_Fear is an effective teaching tactic in fire education.
    1. True
    2. False
15. \_\_\_\_\_Which of the following is a life-safety issue pertinent to firefighters?
    1. Installing a child safety seat correctly
    2. Wearing a bicycle helmet
    3. Both A and B
    4. Neither A nor B